

■ WKB approximation to the harmonic oscillator wave functions

■ We take $m=1$, $\omega=1$, $\hbar=1$ and work out WKB wave function

■ First, classically allowed region

In[1]:= Integrate [$\sqrt{(2n+1) - Q^2}$, Q]

$$Out[1]= \frac{1}{2} Q \sqrt{1 + 2n - Q^2} - \frac{1}{2} (1 + 2n) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{Q \sqrt{1 + 2n - Q^2}}{-1 - 2n + Q^2}\right]$$

In[2]:= Limit [% , $Q \rightarrow -\sqrt{2n+1}$]

$$Out[2]= -\frac{1}{4} (1 + 2n) \pi$$

In[3]:= u = $\frac{1}{(2n+1-Q^2)^{1/4}} \cos\left[\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{1}{4} (1 + 2n) \pi - \frac{\pi}{4}\right]$

$$Out[3]= \frac{1}{(1 + 2n - Q^2)^{1/4}} \left(\cos\left[\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{1}{4} (1 + 2n) \pi - \frac{1}{2} Q \sqrt{1 + 2n - Q^2} + \frac{1}{2} (1 + 2n) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{Q \sqrt{1 + 2n - Q^2}}{-1 - 2n + Q^2}\right]\right] \right)$$

■ Next, classically forbidden region

In[4]:= Integrate [$\sqrt{-(2n+1) + Q^2}$, Q]

$$Out[4]= \frac{1}{2} Q \sqrt{-1 - 2n + Q^2} + \frac{1}{2} (-1 - 2n) \operatorname{Log}\left[Q + \sqrt{-1 - 2n + Q^2}\right]$$

In[5]:= Limit [% , $Q \rightarrow -\sqrt{2n+1}$]

$$Out[5]= -\frac{1}{2} (1 + 2n) \operatorname{Log}\left[-\sqrt{1 + 2n}\right]$$

In[6]:= v1 = $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{(-2n-1+Q^2)^{1/4}} \operatorname{Exp}\left[-\frac{1}{2} (1 + 2n) \operatorname{Log}\left[-\sqrt{1 + 2n}\right] + \frac{1}{2} (-1 - 2n) \operatorname{Log}\left[Q + \sqrt{-1 - 2n + Q^2}\right]\right]$

$$Out[6]= \frac{E^{\frac{1}{2} Q \sqrt{-1 - 2n + Q^2} + \frac{1}{2} (1 + 2n) \operatorname{Log}\left[-\sqrt{1 + 2n}\right] + \frac{1}{2} (-1 - 2n) \operatorname{Log}\left[Q + \sqrt{-1 - 2n + Q^2}\right]}}{2 (-1 - 2n + Q^2)^{1/4}}$$

In[7]:= Integrate [$\sqrt{-(2n+1) + Q^2}$, Q]

$$Out[7]= \frac{1}{2} Q \sqrt{-1 - 2n + Q^2} + \frac{1}{2} (-1 - 2n) \operatorname{Log}\left[Q + \sqrt{-1 - 2n + Q^2}\right]$$

In[8]:= Limit [% , $Q \rightarrow \sqrt{2n+1}$]

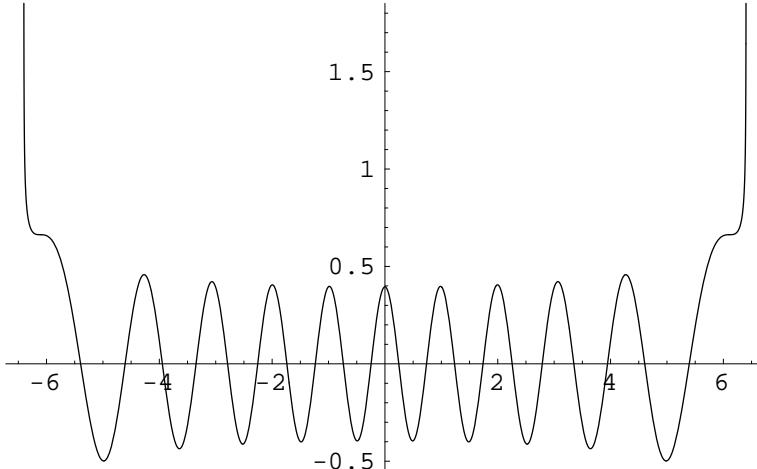
$$Out[8]= -\frac{1}{4} (1 + 2n) \operatorname{Log}[1 + 2n]$$

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In[9]:= v2 =  $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{(-2n+1+Q^2)^{1/4}} \text{Exp}[\% - \%]$ 
Out[9]= 
$$\frac{E^{-\frac{1}{2} Q \sqrt{-1-2n+Q^2} - \frac{1}{4} (1+2n) \text{Log}[1+2n] - \frac{1}{2} (-1-2n) \text{Log}[Q+\sqrt{-1-2n+Q^2}]}}{2 (-1-2n+Q^2)^{1/4}}$$

```

■ n=20

```
In[10]:= uplot = Plot[u /. {n → 20}, {Q, - $\sqrt{41}$ ,  $\sqrt{41}$ }, PlotPoints → 200]
```



```
Out[10]= - Graphics -
```

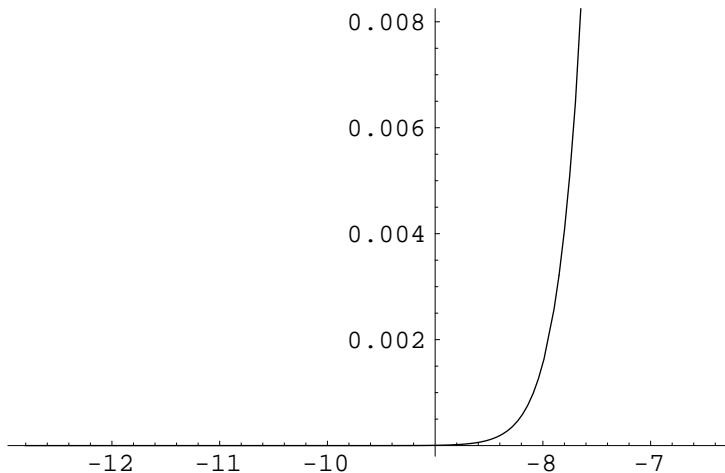
```
In[11]:= v1plot = Plot[v1 /. {n → 20}, {Q, - $2\sqrt{41}$ ,  $\sqrt{41}$ }, PlotPoints → 200]
```

Plot::plnr : v1 /. {n → 20} is not a machine-size real number at Q = -6.34671.

Plot::plnr : v1 /. {n → 20} is not a machine-size real number at Q = -6.39185.

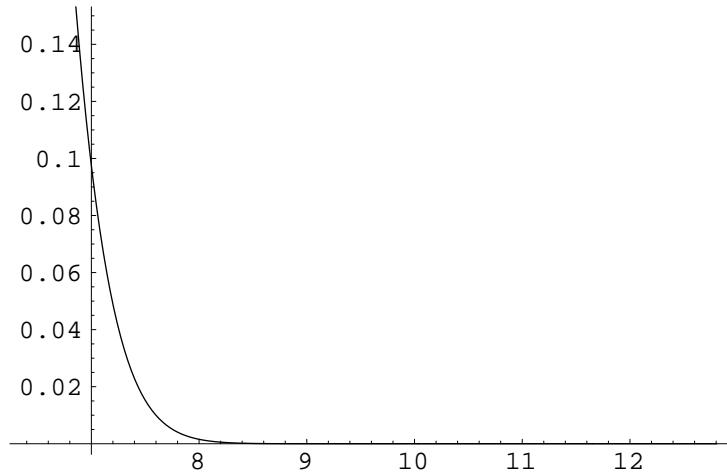
Plot::plnr : v1 /. {n → 20} is not a machine-size real number at Q = -6.39787.

General::stop : Further output of Plot::plnr will be suppressed during this calculation.



```
Out[11]= - Graphics -
```

```
In[12]:= v2plot = Plot[v2 /. {n → 20}, {Q, √41, 2 √41}, PlotPoints → 200]
```

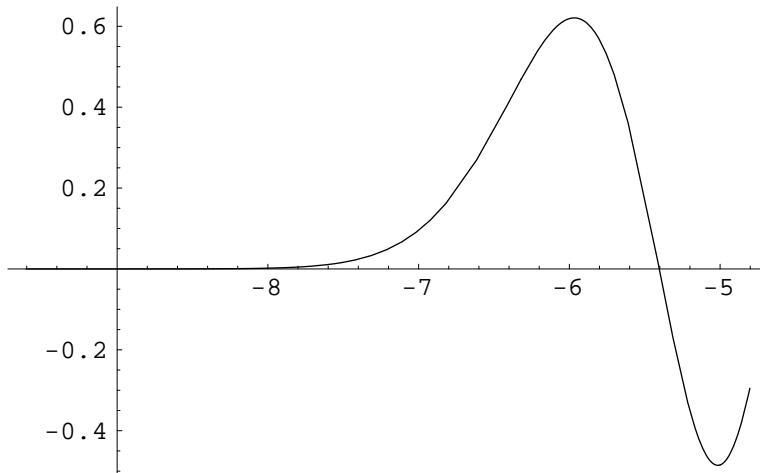


```
Out[12]= - Graphics -
```

```
In[13]:= alplot = Plot[(π / (2 √(2 n + 1))^(1/3))^1/2 AiryAi[(2 √(2 n + 1))^(1/3) (-Q - √(2 n + 1))] /. {n → 20}, {Q, -3/2 √41, -3/4 √41}]
```

General::spell1 :

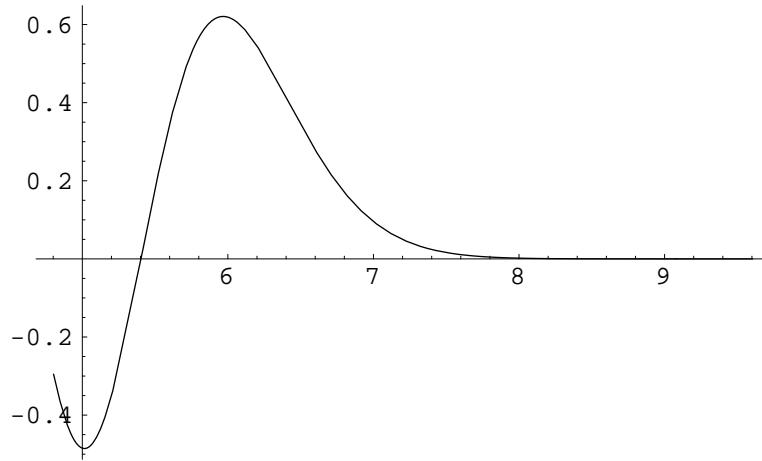
Possible spelling error: new symbol name "alplot" is similar to existing symbol "v1plot".



```
Out[13]= - Graphics -
```

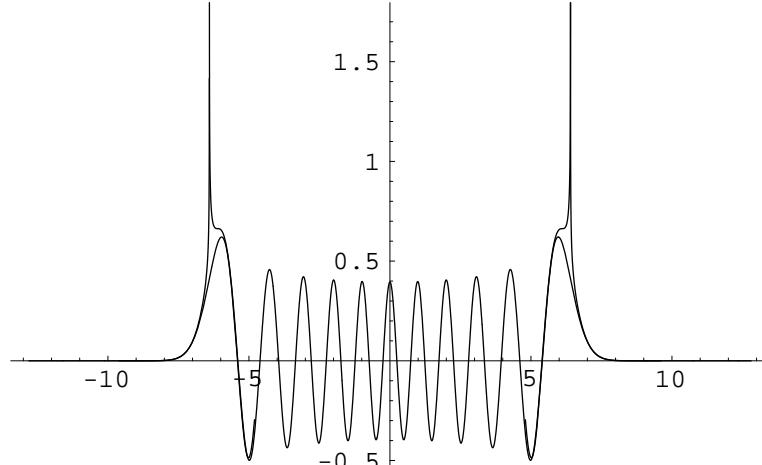
```
In[14]:= a2plot = Plot [ \left( \frac{\pi}{(2 \sqrt{2 n + 1})^{1/3}} \right)^{1/2} AiryAi [ (2 \sqrt{2 n + 1})^{1/3} (Q - \sqrt{2 n + 1}) ] /. {n \rightarrow 20}, {Q, \frac{3}{4} \sqrt{41}, \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{41}}]
```

General::spell1 :
Possible spelling error: new symbol name "a2plot" is similar to existing symbol "v2plot".



```
Out[14]= - Graphics -
```

```
In[15]:= WKBplot = Show [uplot, v1plot, a1plot, v2plot, a2plot]
```

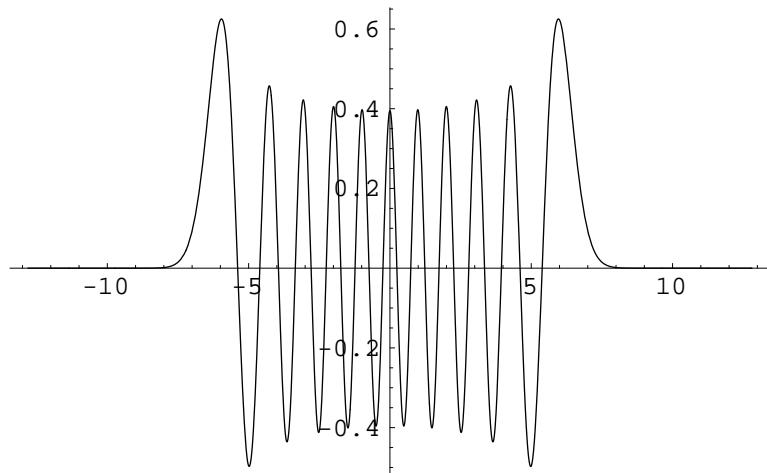


```
Out[15]= - Graphics -
```

```
In[16]:= N [ \frac{u}{(\sqrt{\pi} 2^n n !)^{-1/2} HermiteH [n, Q] E^{-Q^2/2}} /. {n \rightarrow 20} /. {Q \rightarrow 0} ]
```

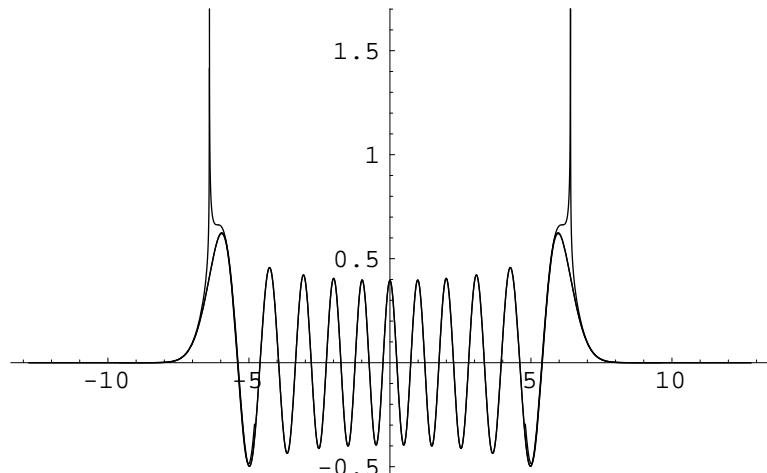
```
Out[16]= 1.25341
```

```
In[17]:= trueplot = Plot[1.253407199896294`  $(\sqrt{\pi} 2^n n!)^{-1/2}$  HermiteH[n, x] E $^{-x^2/2}$  /. {n → 20}, {x, -2  $\sqrt{41}$ , 2  $\sqrt{41}$ }, PlotPoints → 200]
```



```
Out[17]= - Graphics -
```

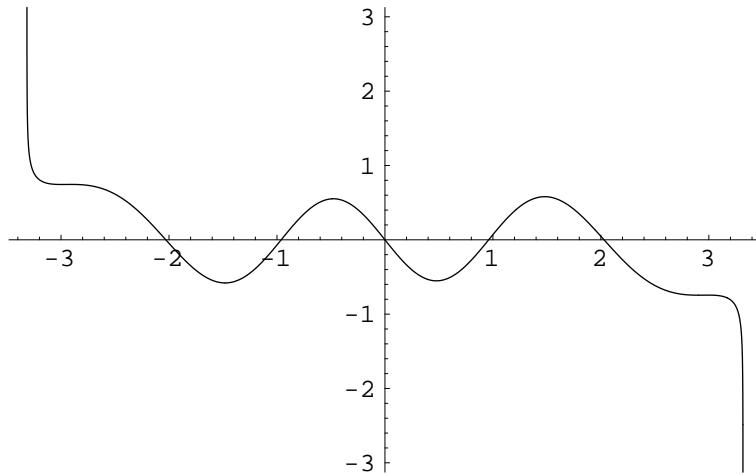
```
In[18]:= Show[WKBplot, trueplot]
```



```
Out[18]= - Graphics -
```

■ n=5

```
In[19]:= uplot = Plot[u /. {n → 5}, {Q, -Sqrt[11], Sqrt[11]}, PlotPoints → 200]
```



```
Out[19]= - Graphics -
```

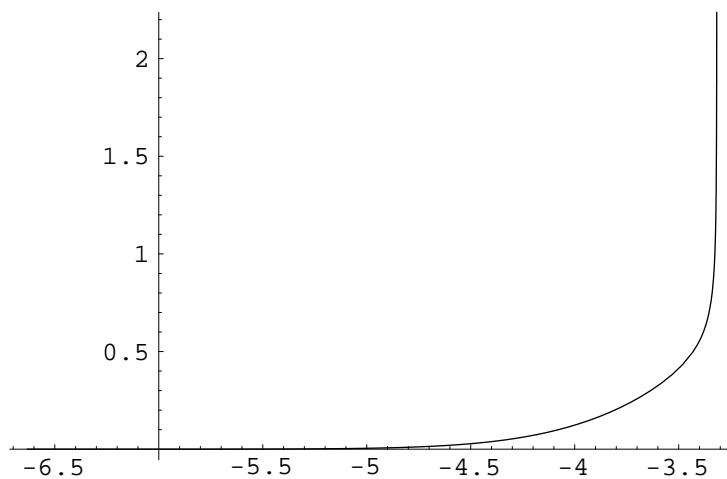
```
In[20]:= v1plot = Plot[v1 /. {n → 5}, {Q, -2 Sqrt[11], Sqrt[11]}, PlotPoints → 200]
```

```
Plot::plnr : v1 /. {n → 5} is not a machine-size real number at Q = -3.28139.
```

```
Plot::plnr : v1 /. {n → 5} is not a machine-size real number at Q = -3.30781.
```

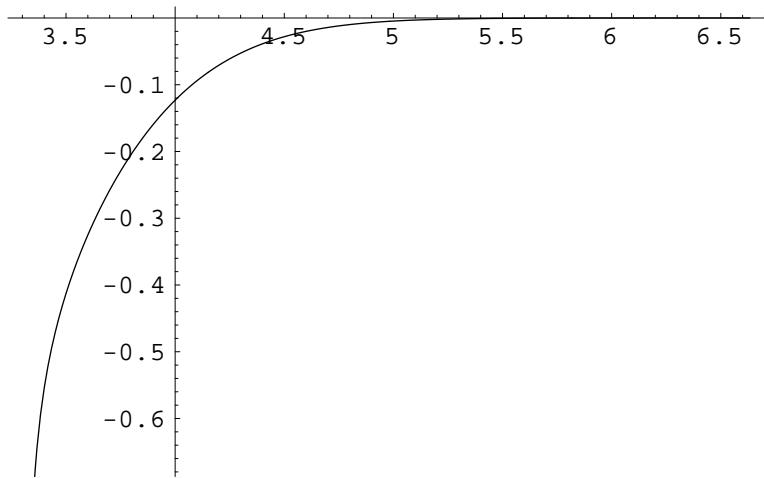
```
Plot::plnr : v1 /. {n → 5} is not a machine-size real number at Q = -3.3139.
```

```
General::stop : Further output of Plot::plnr will be suppressed during this calculation.
```



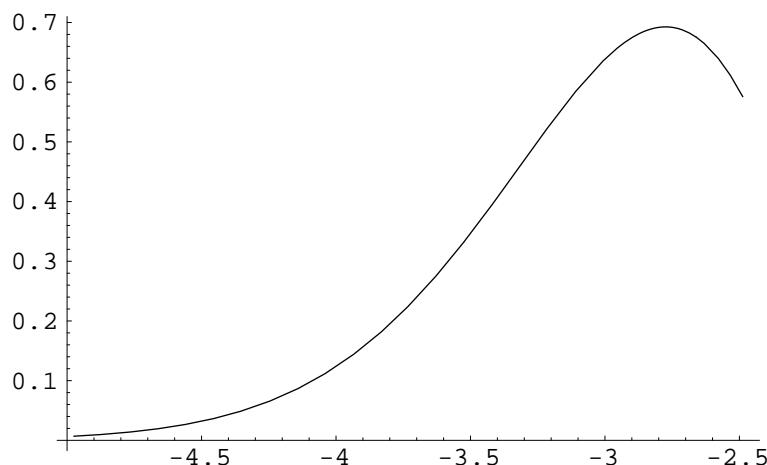
```
Out[20]= - Graphics -
```

In[21]:= v2plot = Plot[-v2 /. {n → 5}, {Q, Sqrt[11], 2 Sqrt[11]}, PlotPoints → 200]



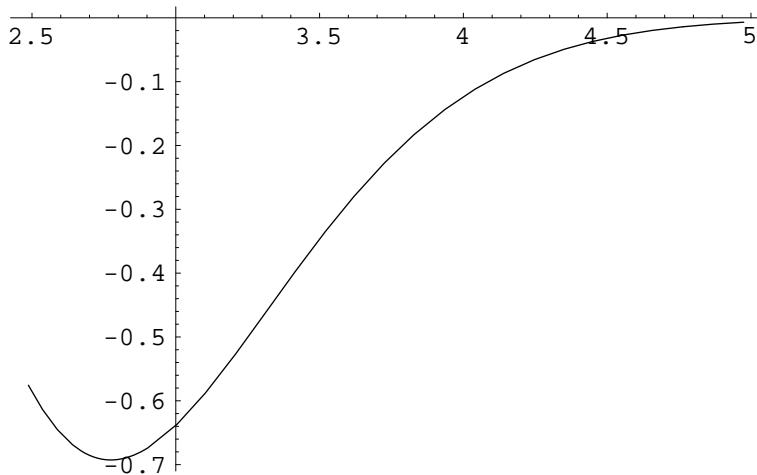
Out[21]= - Graphics -

In[22]:= a1plot = Plot[(π / ((2 Sqrt[2 n + 1])^(1/3)))^(1/2) AiryAi[(2 Sqrt[2 n + 1])^(1/3) (-Q - Sqrt[2 n + 1])] /. {n → 5}, {Q, -3/2 Sqrt[11], -3/4 Sqrt[11]}]



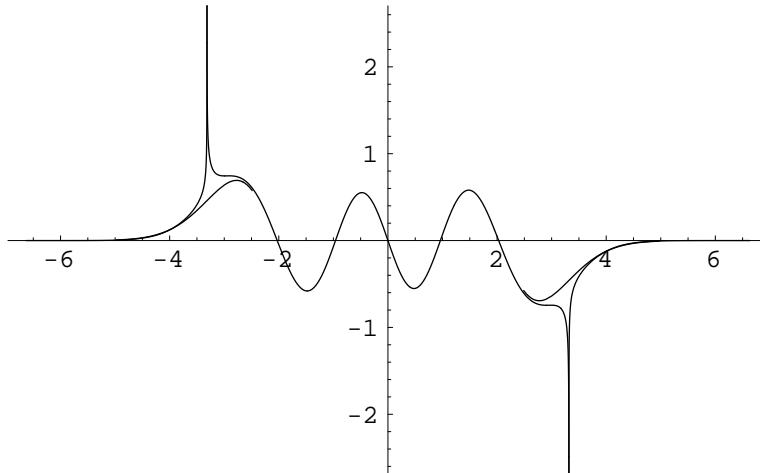
Out[22]= - Graphics -

```
In[23]:= a2plot = Plot[-\left(\frac{\pi}{(2 \sqrt{2 n + 1})^{1/3}}\right)^{1/2} AiryAi[(2 \sqrt{2 n + 1})^{1/3} (\Omega - \sqrt{2 n + 1})] /. {n → 5}, {Ω, 3/4 \sqrt{11}, 3/2 \sqrt{11}}]
```



```
Out[23]= - Graphics -
```

```
In[24]:= WKBplot = Show[uplot, v1plot, a1plot, v2plot, a2plot]
```

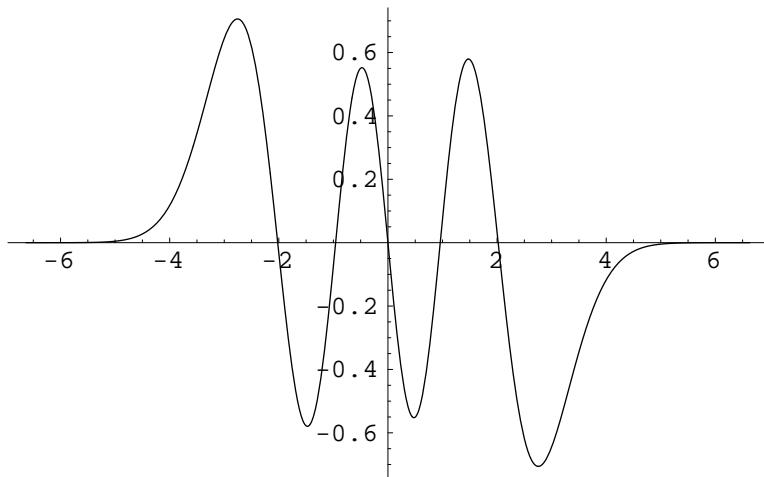


```
Out[24]= - Graphics -
```

```
In[25]:= N[\frac{u}{(\sqrt{\pi} 2^n n !)^{-1/2} HermiteH[n, Ω] E^{-Ω^2/2}} /. {n → 5} /. {Ω → 0.5}]
```

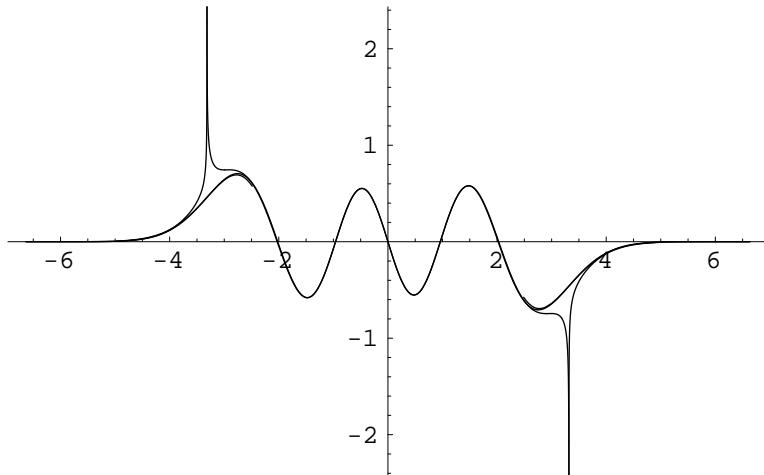
```
Out[25]= -1.25508
```

```
In[26]:= trueplot = Plot[-1.2550763185968383`  $(\sqrt{\pi} 2^n n!)^{-1/2}$  HermiteH[n, x] E $^{-x^2/2}$  /. {n → 5}, {x, -2  $\sqrt{11}$ , 2  $\sqrt{11}$ }, PlotPoints → 200]
```



Out[26]= - Graphics -

```
In[27]:= Show[WKBplot, trueplot]
```



Out[27]= - Graphics -